### WHEEL CLEAN - 97108

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2015/830)

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name: WHEEL CLEAN

Product code: 97108

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Rim cleaner

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name: MOTUL

Address: 119, Boulevard Felix Faure. 93300 AUBERVILLIERS CEDEX FRANCE

Telephone: 33.1.48.11.70.00. Fax: 33.1.48.33.28.79. Telex: .

Email: motul\_hse@motul.fr

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number: +44 (0) 1235 239 670.

Association/Organisation: ORFILA.

#### Other emergency numbers

BRAZIL: +55 11 3197 5891 / COLOMBIA: +57 1 508 7337 / ARGENTINA: +54 11 5984 3690 / CHILE: +562 2582 9336

Ireland: +353 1 8092566

UNITED STATES: 001 866 928 0789 / CANADA: 001 800 579 7421 / MEXICO: +52 55 5004 8763 / MIDDLE EAST - AFRICA: +44 1235

239671

24 hours a day, 7 days a week

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Serious eye damage, Category 1 (Eye Dam. 1, H318).

This mixture does not present a physical hazard. Refer to the recommendations regarding the other products present on the site.

This mixture does not present an environmental hazard. No known or foreseeable environmental damage under standard conditions of use.

### 2.2. Label elements

Detergent mixture (see section 15).

Mixture for spray application.

## In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms:



GHS05

Signal Word : DANGER

Product identifiers:

EC 200-573-9 TETRASODIUM ETHYLENE DIAMINE TETRAACETATE

Hazard statements:

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statements - General :

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Precautionary statements - Prevention :

P280 Wear eye protection.

Precautionary statements - Response :

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Precautionary statements - Disposal :

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

### 2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

### 3.2. Mixtures

#### Composition:

GHS07, GHS05, GHS08		2.5 <= x % < 10
		2.3 \- X /0 \ 10
Dgr		
Acute Tox. 4, H302		
Eye Dam. 1, H318		
Acute Tox. 4, H332		
STOT RE 2, H373		
GHS07, GHS05		1 <= x % < 2.5
Dgr		
Acute Tox. 4, H302		
Eye Dam. 1, H318		
GHS05	[1]	0 <= x % < 1
Dgr		
Met. Corr. 1, H290		
Skin Corr. 1A, H314		
Eye Dam. 1, H318		
GHS07, GHS08	[2]	0 <= x % < 1
Wng		
Acute Tox. 4, H302		
Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
Carc. 2, H351		
	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373  GHS07, GHS05 Dgr Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318  GHS05 Dgr Met. Corr. 1, H290 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318  GHS07, GHS08 Wng Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373  GHS07, GHS05 Dgr Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318  GHS05 Dgr Met. Corr. 1, H290 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318  GHS07, GHS08 Wng Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Irrit. 2, H319

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

## Information on ingredients:

- [1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.
- [2] Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic (CMR) substance.

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

# In the event of exposure by inhalation :

Remove the victim to fresh air. If the symptoms persist, call a physician.

### In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

Regardless of the initial state, refer the patient to an ophthalmologist and show him the label.

Wash immediately and abundantly with water, including under the eyelids.

## In the event of splashes or contact with skin:

Immediately remove all soiled clothing.

Wash immediately and abundantly with soap and water.

### In the event of swallowing:

Seek medical attention, showing the label.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

#### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Non-flammable.

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

### Suitable methods of extinction

Dry agent, foam, carbon dioxide.

#### Unsuitable methods of extinction

High volume water jet

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

No data available.

### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

Spilled product may make surfaces slippery.

### For non first aid worker

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

#### For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Neutralise with an acidic decontaminant.

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

# **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Emergency showers and eye wash stations will be required in facilities where the mixture is handled constantly.

Avoid contact with eyes.

No special precaution apart from the observance of hygiene rules

## Fire prevention:

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges by bonding and grounding equipment.

No smoking.

### Recommended equipment and procedures :

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Avoid eye contact with this mixture at all times.

Ensure good ventilation at the workplace

## Prohibited equipment and procedures :

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

Do not breathe fumes, vapour, spray.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between 5°C and 40°C in a dry, well ventilated place.

Only use hydrocarbon-resistant containers, joints and pipes.

### Storage

Keep out of reach of children.

#### **Packaging**

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

### **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

## Occupational exposure limits:

ACGIH TI V (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values, 2010);

- ACGIT TEV (American Conference of Governmental muustnal riygienists, Threshold Limit Values, 2010).						
CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
1310-73-2			2 mg/m3			
- France (INR	S - ED984 :2016) :					
CAS	VME-ppm:	VME-mg/m3:	VLE-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3:	Notes:	TMP No:
1310-73-2	-	2	-	-	-	-
- UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, 2011):						

Definition:

Criteria:

Ceiling:

### 8.2. Exposure controls

CAS

1310-73-2

### Appropriate engineering controls

TWA:

- ppm

- mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ensure adequate ventilation, if possible with extractor fans at work posts and appropriate general extraction.

Personnel shall wear regularly laundered overalls.

## Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE):

STEL:

- ppm

2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>







Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

# - Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard EN166.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

When spraying, wear a face shield in accordance with standard EN166.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

# - Hand protection

Wear suitable protective gloves in the event of prolonged or repeated skin contact.

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN374.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question: other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended:

- Natural latex
- PVC (polyvinyl chloride)

- i vo (polyvilly) ciliolide)		
Glove	0.38 mm	
thickness:		
Break-through	> 480 mn	
time:		

### Recommended properties:

- Impervious gloves in accordance with standard EN374

## - Body protection

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

#### - Respiratory protection

Breathing apparatus only when aerosol or spray are formed.

## **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### General information:

Physical state:

· · · <b>/</b> • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Important health, safety and environmental information	
pH:	Not stated.
	Strongly basic.
pH (aqueous solution):	>11.5
Boiling point/boiling range :	100 °C.
Flash point interval :	Not relevant.
Vapour pressure (50°C):	Not relevant.
Density:	>1
Water solubility:	Dilutable.

Fluid liquid.

#### 9.2. Other information

No data available

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat and from sources of ignition

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidants

Acids

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

May have irreversible effects on the eyes, such as tissue damage in the eye, or serious physical decay of sight, which is not fully reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.

Serious eye damage is typified by the destruction of cornea, persistent corneal opacity and iritis.

### 11.1.1. Substances

## Acute toxicity:

C10 ETHOXYLATE ALCOOL (CAS: 160875-66-1)

Oral route : LD50 > 700 mg/kg Species : Rat

# 11.1.2. Mixture

### Skin corrosion/skin irritation:

Tests have proven that the mixture is neither corrosive nor irritant despite the low/high pH.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

## Aspiration hazard:

"Inhalation of vapours may cause irritation of the respiratory system in very susceptible persons."

May cause lung damage if swallowed

### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

#### 12.1.1. Substances

SODIUM HYDROXYDE (CAS: 1310-73-2)

Fish toxicity: LC50 = 99 mg/l

Species : Lepomis macrochirus Duration of exposure : 48 h

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 76 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 24 h

#### 12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

#### 12.2.1. Substances

TRISODIUM NITRILOTRIACETATE

(CAS: 5064-31-3)

Biodegradability: no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not

degrading quickly.

SODIUM HYDROXYDE (CAS: 1310-73-2)

Biodegradability: no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not

degrading quickly.

TETRASODIUM ETHYLENE DIAMINE TETRAACETATE (CAS: 64-02-8)

Biodegradability : no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not

degrading quickly.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Water soluble

Mobile in soil

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

## 12.6. Other adverse effects

Do not dispose of the product in the natural environment, effluents or surface waters.

## German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV vom 18/04/2017, KBws) :

WGK 1: Slightly hazardous for water.

### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

## Waste:

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

# Soiled packaging :

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Exempt from transport classification and labelling.

14.1. UN number

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14.2. UN proper shipping name

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14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

-

14.4. Packing group

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14.5. Environmental hazards

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14.6. Special precautions for user

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### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

- Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2018/1480 (ATP 13)
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2019/521 (ATP 12)
- Container information:

No data available.

- Particular provisions :

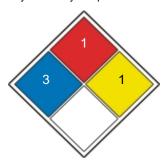
No data available.

- Labelling for detergents (EC Regulation No. 648/2004,907/2006):
  - less than 5 % : cationic surfactants
  - less than 5 % : nonionic surfactants
  - less than 5 %: EDTA and salts thereof
- German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV vom 18/04/2017, KBws):

WGK 1: Slightly hazardous for water.

- Standardised American system for the identification of hazards presented by the product in view of emergency procedures (NFPA 704) :

NFPA 704, Labelling: Health=3 Inflammability=1 Instability/Reactivity=1 Specific Risk=none



## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

# **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions. It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

## Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3:

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

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H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer .
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure .

## Abbreviations:

CMR: Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic.

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID: Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK : Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS05 : Corrosion

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic. vPvB: Very persistent, very bioaccumulable. SVHC: Substances of very high concern.